

A trip to Nepal will not leave anyone indifferent, for its people, its religion and its landscapes. The trip we propose will not only be a pleasure trip, but it will also change your minds, a trip not to be forgotten...



TRAVEL TO NEPAL

OCTOBER 29 . KHATMANDU

Arrival at Khatmandu airport from your country. Assistance by our correspondent and transfer to the hotel. (At the foot of the Himalayas, where they say their gods live, lies Nepal, a land of spectacular landscapes, temples and cities with a rich cultural heritage. After resting at the hotel, some sandwiches and a drink will be provided. Then we head to discover Boudanath.

The Boudhanath Stupa is one of the largest Buddhist stupas in the world. The stupa, 100 meters in diameter, was built on an octagonal base with prayer wheels by the Lichchivi king Mana Dev in the 5th century. The pinnacle of this stupa represents the stages of enlightenment, symbolizing royalty, compassion, knowledge and nirvana. There are many myths about the origins of the Stupa. Early morning and afternoon are the best times to visit Boudha and join the local residents at the Kora. There is an enclosure with several monasteries of the different schools of Tibetan Buddhism. It is very pleasant to have a tea in its surroundings.





OCTOBER 30. KHATMANDU

After breakfast at the hotel, we will discover the UNESCO World Heritage Sites of Pashupatinath, Swoyambhunath and Kathmandu Durbar Square.

Pashupatinath is one of the holiest temples in Nepal. The Pashupatinath Temple is a large double-roofed pagoda made of brass and gilded gold; the door is plated with silver. There are linga images of Shiva along with statues, shrines and temples dedicated to other deities in the temple complex. There are rows of Shiva shrines and Hindu pilgrims from all over South Asia offering worship to Shiva, the Lord of Destruction. Entry into the temple compound is permitted only to Hindus. However, visitors can clearly see the temple and the activities carried out on its premises from the viewing point across the bank of the Bagmati River. We will attend cremations that are a bit like those that take place in the Ganges River in Varanasi in India at the Ghats of this sacred place.

Swoyambhunath is one of the most glorious Buddhist stupas. It is said to be 2000 years old. Swoyambhunath is perhaps the best place to observe religious harmony in Nepal. The stupa is among the oldest in this part of the world and its worshippers are diverse, from Newar nuns, Tibetan monks and Brahmin priests to Buddhists and lay Hindus. Swoyambhunath offers an excellent view of the Kathmandu Valley. It is a Buddhist sacred place but is also frequented by Hindus. It is a place of prayer where hundreds of pilgrims attend daily.

Durbar Square in Kathmandu is one of the popular places that is liked by many visitors due to its exquisite architecture and artistic ornaments. It consists of a huge Royal Palace with different temples dating back to the 15th to 18th century. The house of the living goddess Kumari, the ferocious Kal Bhairav, the red monkey god, Hanumandhokha palace, Ashok Binayak temple, Kasthamandap, Taleju temple and hundreds of erotic carvings are some examples of the sights in the square. All the wood carvings, statues and architecture in this area are exceptionally fine.

OCTOBER 31. KATHMANDU- PATAN- CHANGUNARAYAN-BHAKTAPUR (1400 meters)

After breakfast at the hotel, depart for a visit to a World Heritage Site – Patan Durbar Square and then proceed to Changunarayan before ending at Bhaktapur.

Patan Durbar Square boasts of many famous sites and unique architectures. The main attractions of Patan Durbar Square are the stone temple of Lord Krishna, the royal bath with many stone carvings, the Viswanath Temple and the Bhimsen Temple with a magnificent golden balcony overlooking the square. Many more temples dedicated to Ganesh, the elephant-headed god, Shiva, Narsingh, Taleju and others are situated in Patan Durbar Square. Changunarayan: The temple is richly decorated with sculptures and carvings and is said to be the oldest pagoda style temple in the valley. The temple, built around the 3rd century, is decorated with some of the finest examples of stone, wood and metal craftsmanship in the valley. The courtyard has many other temples like Kiloswar Shiva, Chhinnmasta Devi and other figures like Garuda, Vishnu.



NOVEMBER 1. BHAKTAPUR- PANAUTI-NAMOBOUDH-DHULIKHEL- BHAKTAPUR

After breakfast at the hotel, we will drive to Panauti, Namoboudha and Dhulikhel. After lunch at Dhulikhel, we will return to Bhaktapur.

Panauti is one of the oldest towns which is located in Kavrepalanchowk district and is considered to be one of the religious places since ancient times. We can do the heritage walk in Panauti which includes – Indreshwar Temple built on Shiva Lingam in 1294, Brahmayani Temple built in 1715 SC, Krishna Temple, Pilgrim's Rest House (Sataal), Sankata Temple, Tola Narayan Temple and Panauti Museum. We can see the exquisite historical pieces from Panauti's past in the museum. The local people living there are called Newars. This is a beautiful town surrounded by monuments, temples, museums etc. in Panauti. After the visit we will drive to Dhulikhel.

Namoboudha is a famous Buddhist pilgrimage site where the white painted stupa found here commemorates the actions of Sakyamuni Buddha's selfless sacrifice to feed a hungry tiger by offering his own flesh. In fact, this place is one of the most important pilgrimage sites for Buddhists. The stupa is more than 20 feet high and its golden top tower is covered with prayer flags.

Dhulikhel, located about 30 km (19 mi) east of Kathmandu on the Arniko Highway, is the small town of Dhulikhel. The distance between Panauti and Dhulikhel is 9 km. Located in the foothills of the Himalayas, the place offers a stunning view of the northeastern part of the mountains. After the visit we will head to Namobuddha.

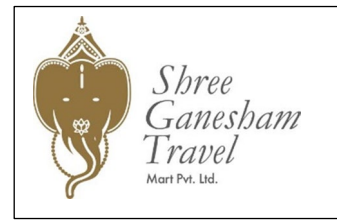


NOVEMBER 2. BHAKTAPUR - NAGARKOT- (2175 meters)

After breakfast at the hotel, we start to stroll and visit a World Heritage Site – Bhaktapur Durbar Square and its surroundings and then proceed to Nagarkot which is a hill station.

Bhaktapur Durbar Square is one of the most charming architectural works of the valley as it highlights the ancient arts of Nepal. The square contains countless temples and other architectural works like the Lion Gate, Statue of King Bhupatindra Malla, Picture Gallery, Golden Gate, 55-windowed palaces, Batsala Temple and Barking Dog Bell etc.

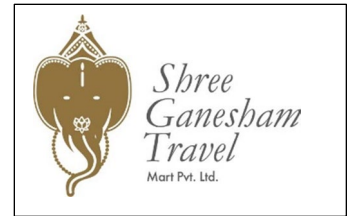
Nagarkot (2175 m) is one of the most popular mountain tourist destinations on the edge of Kathmandu Valley. Situated 32 km east of Kathmandu, Nagarkot is a magnificent place to spend the night and wake up to see the sun rise on the wide Himalayan mountain range – Langtang, Gaurisanker and Everest. It is also the starting point for the Valley Rim Trek for those who are in Nepal for a short stay.



NOVEMBER 3. NAGARKOT-CHITWAN

At sunrise around 5 AM at the hotel, we will enjoy the beautiful sunrise and panoramic view of the Himalayas of Langtang Mountains and see the tip of Everest from the hotel.

After breakfast at the hotel, we will get ready for the adventure in the jungle of Chitwan. The journey from Bhaktapur to Chitwan is about 189 km which takes about 5-6 hours. Upon arrival at the hotel, you will take some rest and then the local tour guide will brief you about the program. Then in the evening we will take the tour of Tharu/Darai Village. In the evening we can enjoy the beautiful view of Rapti River by the pool.



NOVEMBER 4. CHITWAN

Today we will have an early morning breakfast and then go for a canoe ride on the Rapti River. Afterwards, we will go for a Jeep Safari in the National Park which takes approximately 2 to 3 hours. During the jungle safari we will visit the crocodile breeding centre inside the national park. We will also be able to enjoy one of the indigenous Tharu cultural dances during the evening at Chitwan Resort. Chitwan National Park is a protected area of the Terai lowlands in south-central Nepal, famous for its biological diversity. Its dense forests and grassland plains are home to mammals.

There rare species, such as one-horned rhinos and Bengal tigers. The park is home to numerous bird species, such as the giant hawkbill. Canoes traverse the northern Rapti River, habitat of crocodiles



NOVEMBER 5. CHITWAN-PHARPING



We will have an early breakfast in the morning and leave Chitwan to return close to the capital, to Pharping. Pharping is the ancient Newari city located in the southern part of the Kathmandu Valley. The city is famous for its pilgrimage sites, where Tibetan Buddhist monasteries predominate. Here there is a temple dedicated to Vajrayogini, it is located on the slope of the hill between the Yanglesho caves and the village of Pharping. It is one of the main Newar Vajrayogini Buddhist temples in the mandala of Nepal, which includes the temples of Sankhu Vajrayogini, Vidhyeshvari Vajrayogini, Phamting Vajrayogini, Guhyeshwari and Pulchowk Khagayogini. In the afternoon we will go to an arti (religious ceremony of prayers at sunset always performed with Tibetan instruments and with monks).

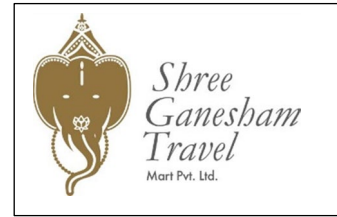


NOVEMBER 6. PHARPING-KIRTIPUR-KHOKHANA-BUNGAMTI-KHATMAND

At 5 am we will attend the monks' arti with the Lamas. Return to the hotel for breakfast. After breakfast we will leave to visit Khokana, Bungmati and Kirtipur.

Khokana and Bungmati: These are two typical Newari villages (local ethnic group of Kathmandu valley) where you can see wood carvings, traditional frames, very old temples and Newari culture etc.

Kirtipur: It is a small town, 8 km southwest of Kathmandu and situated on top of a hill. Tribhuvan University, the main educational seat of Nepal, is located at the foot of Kirtipur. This historical town has many attractions to offer such as ancient shrines, temples and old houses. Some of the people usually wear traditional costumes and can be seen working on looms.



NOVEMBER 7. -KHATMANDU-YOUR COUNTRY

Breakfast. Free time in the city of Khatmandu for the whole day. The client travels in the early morning of November 8th at 00.00 hours. At the scheduled time, transfers to the International Airport. End of our services



TARIFF BASE 38 pax. 1725 EUROS PER PERSON

Single room supplement: 890 euros per person

INCLUDING

- Airport – Hotel – Airport Transfers
 - 3 Nights at Hyatt Regency Hotel in Kathmandu on MAP plan (Hyatt Guest Room)
 - 2 Nights at Bhadgaon Hotel in Bhaktapur on MAP plan (Deluxe Room)
 - 1 Night at Club Himalaya Hotel in Nagarkot on MAP plan (Standard Mountain View Room)
 - 1 Night at Nyedo Hotel in Pharping on MAP plan (Deluxe Room)
 - 2N/3D at Soaltee Westend Resort in Chitwan, on full board basis with JP plan (Deluxe Room)
 - Lunch during the tour. All meals included without drinks
 - Jeep in Chitwan to visit the park and canoe
 - Private transportation during the tour (39-seater and 41-seater deluxe bus)
 - Bottles of mineral water on the bus
 - Sightseeing as per itinerary
 - Entrance fees to all temples, monasteries and historical sites as per itinerary.
 - Licensed tour guide with english speaking government license during the tour.
- Tour leader in Spanish and English language
- Company service charge
 - Dinner on the last day in Khatmandu with Bhojan Griha dances
 - 4.90% government taxes and fees

EXCLUDED:

- International air tickets
- Nepal visa is processed online upon arrival
- Indian visa in case of entering through Delhi
- Personal and medical insurance
- Bar and drink bills
- Personal expenses
- Tips. 55 euros per person
- Any other service not mentioned in the included section



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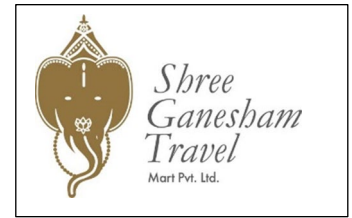
HOTEL HYATT REGENCY-KHATMANDU. 5 STAR LUXURY





HOTEL BHADGAON. 4 STAR





HOTEL CLUB HIMALAYA NAGARKOT. 5 STAR LUXURY





HOTEL SOALTEE CHITWAN PARK. 5 STAR LUXURY





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